Previous references.

p. 2099–2101

D.F 14809.03

Feb 20. 6. 1903.

File N

01. 190

190 4

(Th Police)

Later references.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1 4

PART B FOR March 1905

SUBJECT.

Working of the Bombay Presidency Police under the revised syst

G. R. S. 11]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Police)

NOTES.

File No. 69-ae-05.

FILE HEADING.

Working of the Taluk Police at Bowringpet under the revised system

From

The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

No. 1708-193 Dated 26-9-02 Received 30-9-02

Diary No. 7113	Enclos. 2	Spare Copies. –	Serial No. 1

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

Forwards the report of the Dt. Supdt. of Police, K.G.F. on the working of the System sanctioned in G.P. No. 2079-2101 dt: 30-6-03 according to which the Amildar of Bowringpet was divested of police powers and states that the System may be extended to two other Taluks of Kolar Gold Fields Range.

NOTES AND ORDERS.

Flag L

NS 5-11-04

In sanctioning the reorganization of the Bowringpet Town Police, Govt approved of the Inspector General's Suggestion, as an experimental measure, to divest the Amildar of ~~Taluk Taluk~~ ~~with~~ the Police ~~powers~~ charge of the entire Taluk & to place it under the Inspector

NOTES—First sheet.

MGCPB—25,000—18-8-0.

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. 69 of 1904-05.

Serial No.

under the direct control of the Supdt of Police, Kolar Gold Fields and called for a report on the working of this arrangement at the end of one year from its introduction. The report now received goes to show that the , has worked well and the Inspector General states that it may be extended to other Talukes of the Kolar Gold fields Range (viz Malur and Mulbagal), if not all over the Province. Submitted for orders.

SN 9-10-04 RSR 11-10-04

2 The Insp^r General's comm^s may be recorded with the remark that, on the expiry of the year for which the scheme was tentatively sanct^d Go. No 2099-2101—J.J. 140 dy 30-(the Dy Mercl have sought for orders of Govt for its further continuance instead of waiting till end of Sept. The further cont^d

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. 69 of 1904-05

Serial No.

of the scheme for another year from 1st July 1904 may now be sanctioned. The question of making permanent the arrangement whereby the Amildar of Bannikotte is divested of office as ~~Dis~~ and the larger one of divesting Amildars all over the State of their functions, must be deferred till the views of Police Dept. Regulation Revision Committee, which have been called for, are received.

3 Put up a draft accdy

11.10.04

4 Draft submd to Dewan, Mysore 12 Oct.

NR 12-10-04 after print submd to Secy 14.10.04

14.10.1904

75
16.10.04 14.10.04

5 Draft sanctioning the proposal

22.10.1904 21/10/04

2357 10.04 MGCPB—10,000- -31-8-04

G.R.S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. 69 of 1904-05

Serial No.

2573.

[illegible] Padmanabha Chetty spoke [illegible] that [illegible] was not [illegible] well — The Dy of Police may be asked — if the II Constables [illegible] — to obtain & submit [illegible] the news of the Dy Court

8. XI. 04

To 2nd Councillor 9.11.1904

10/11/04

94 — 10/11/04

[illegible] & Draft accd 11.11.1904

11/11/04

Subd with a draft

12/11/04

12-11-04

Docket No. J 1236 dated the 15th Nov: 1904 to the Dy. of Police in Mysore, asking him to obtain & submit the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner Kolar District in the matter.

Letter No. 2862/313 dated the 22nd Nov: 1904 from the Dy. of Police in Mysore, stating that the Report is

MGCPB—10,000—31-8-04.

G.R.S. 12]
eral and Revenue
Secretariat.

File No. 69 of 1904-05

Serial No.

question was forwarded through the Deputy Commissioner who, he thought, agreed with it as he made no remarks, but that it has been, however, returned to him for such opinion as he may wish to offer.

Letter No. 3811/408 dated the 9th January 1905, from the Inspector General of Police in Mysore forwarding the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, on the report of Mr. P. B. Thomas, regarding the working of the Bowringpet Taluk Police under the revised system.

The points for orders are:—

(1) the permanent adoption of this scheme in the Bowringpet Taluk.

(2) its extension to other Taluks of the Kolar Gold Fields Range, viz the Malur & Mulbagal Taluks, if not all over the State.

Flag T.

(3) the increase of the present strength by 1 Duffedar and 8 Constables at an average monthly Cost of Rs 74 per mensem to look after all the Taluk work outside the Bowringpet Town.

The Dy Comr says that as regard no(1) a further trial of the scheme is necessary before a definite opinion can be formed as to the success or otherwise of its working, that he would not venture not venture an opinion on point no(2) for the same

Serial No.

reason & that the addl police force asked is very necessary & may be sanctioned
Submitted.
SN
22-1-05
23

9 The permanent adoption of the scheme of making the Police independent of the Amildar may be referred till the Govt has an opportunity of dealing with the Report of the Police Committee.

The employment of extra police at a monthly cost of Rs 74 is supported by the Dy. Commissioner. It may also wait, I think, till the regular budget, when the matter may be considered. As 24.1.

Subd to secy.

Submitted & the Dewan Saheb thro the 2 Committee
25.1.1905

ed
25-1-05.

10 The postponement in the cases until the Committee report is received.

As suggested the 2nd Joint — the Council

MGCPB—20,000—1-11-04.

G.R.S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. 69 of 1904-05

Serial No.

Submitted.

The Dy Commissioner asks for one Duffedar + 9 Constables at an average cost of Rs 74 per mensem, and this addition at a cost of Rs 996 per annum has been sanctioned by His Highness on the 17th February 1905 and Orders are issuing (Vide file No 83 Gen-05).

27/2/05

To 2d Committee

27.2.1905

Read

27-2-05

28/2/1905

5117/3.

-Contn. sheet.

MGCHB—30.COC—1-11404.

G.R.S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. 69 of 1904-05

Serial No. 165

12 Memo of Sy the experiment
in Bangalore is extended by
another year - Whether charge
proposed must be over further
4.III.05 (illegible)

13 Draft-accd
2.3.1905

14 Subt with a draft order
SR 7/3/05 dtd 8.3.05

15 Passed
10.3.1905

To

4 The D. G. of Police, in Mysore.
The Deputy Commissioner of Kolar.

G.O no: J 2608-9/Police 69-4,
dated the 13th March 05.

Sanctions the further
continuance of the above Scheme ordd
in G.O no: 2099-2101/J Fi 148 of 03 dated
30th June 1903, for a further
period of one year.

III
Com 309
(Police)

1904-05. A713
F. No:
Secl

From,

The Inspector General of Police
in Mysore.

To,

The Secretary to the Govt: of
H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore
in the Genl: & Rev: Departments.

Dated.
Despatched. 28 September 1904.
Received.
General No: 17055
No:
1903.

Enclosure No: 2

Forwarding a report on the working of the Taluk Police.

Encl no 14

9713

No: 1705/193

Office of the
Inspector General of Police in Mysore.
Dated, Bangalore, 26th September 1904

From,

F. E. C. Carr Esquire,
Inspector General of Police
in Mysore.

To,

B. K. Venkatavardaiengar Esquire,
Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

Reference:-

Para 4 of Government Proceedings No: 2099-2101/ J.F 148-03 dated 30th June 1903 regarding the arrangement under which the Amildar of Bowringpet Taluk was divested of the Police Charge;

--------ooOoo-------

I have the honor to forward herewith a copy of letter dated 8th July 1904 from the District Superintendent of Police, Kolar Gold Fields.

It is clear from the letter that there has been improvement in the working of the Police in the Taluk under the tentative scheme sanctioned by Government.

I have carefully watched the work of the Taluk, both as Deputy Commissioner of Kolar, and subsequently as Inspector General of Police, and am satisfied that the arrangement has been attended with greater efficiency and better despatch of work

work, than was the case under the old system. It is therefore desirable that the arrangement should be adopted ~~immediately~~ (20) in all the Taluks of the Kolar Gold Fields Range, if not all over the Province.

My views on this matter are clearly set forth in the enclosed Memorandum, copy of which is attached for ready reference.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

J. C. Cummins

Director General of Police.

Compd. CR

Copied.
R. L.

Office of the District Superintendentof Police

KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

Dated , Champion Reefs 8th July 1904.

From

F. B. Thomas Esquire,

District Superintendent of Police ,

Kolar Gold Fields.

To

F. E. C. Carr Esquire,

Inspector General of Police inMysore

through the Deputy Commissioner.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit the following report he working of the Bowringpet Town and Taluk Police. It will be remembered that a scheme was sanctioned by Government to take effect from 1st. July 1903, whereby the Bowringpet - Kasbah Police were converted into Gold Fields Police on --- higher scale of pay and with a revised establishment.

2. At the same time the Amildar was divested of all - Police Departmental powers and responsibilities as an experiment to be reported on at the close of the official year with a view to finding out whether the further extension of this system would be advisable or not.

3. To take this point first I consider that no harm has resulted to Police work from the fact of the Amildar having no departmental duties, but that on the contrary departmental work has been conducted wuth more despatch and less confusion than before. The Amildar has of course retained all the - powers over the Police which he possesses in virtue of his - office as a Magistrate and in this capacity he is of course regularly consulted by the District Superintendent of Police on matters affecting the reputation of the local Police. In matters of ordinary routine and discipline the Amildar can be

of

of little or no assistance to the District Superintendent of Police and the fact of his being the responsible head of the local Police only tends towards a shirking of responsibility by the local Police Inspector. I am also bound to say that I consider that an Amildar is seriously handicapped in his duties as a Magistrate by the fact that he is also a police officer. He is placed in a false position when he has to try an important case in which he has himself been in practical control of the Police investigation.

When the Police Inspector works directly under the District Superintendent of Police without the intervention of the Amildar , there is quicker despatch of work owing to the fact that all correspondence passes direct and is not delayed by having to be sent through the Amildar who is frequently in camp and the District Superintendent of Polce is able to hold his Inspector diretly responsible for many matters, the responsibility for which would otherwise be shifted by the Inspector only to the Amildar, and which would consequently be much more difficult to deal with .

There is a further point, which, I regret to say, cannot be overlooked- and that is that when the Amildar and the Police Inspector are both either untrustworthy or lazy, the disposal of criminal cases, particularly those reported by Police as false under B form, is most unsatisfactory. The Inspector General may recollect that several glaring cases of gross delay in disposal of cases at Mulbagal were brought to his personal notice by me last year. Such cases are common in other Taluks, and would be far less likely to occur if the Amildar were not departmentally associated with the Inspector.

As regards personal relations between the Amildar of Bowringpet and the Police since the Amildar was relieved of Police duties the scheme has not had a fair trial, owing to the fact that there have been 3 separate Inspectors in --- charge of the Taluq (which is now in charge of a fourth) during the years and for considerable intervals the Taluk has been under the charge of a Chief Constable only.

on

On the whole I consider that the change has worked wel and I should be very glad to see its adoption in the other tw Taluks of which I have police charge.

With regard to the other point, whether the re-organisa tion of the Town Police at Bowringpet has been successful, I have to report that it has been entirely sucessful, as far as Town of Bowringpet is concerned but not so sucessful as regard the villages attached to the Kasbah Station and lying at a -- distance from it.

Since the re-organisation the Town of Bowringpet has b kept under much more effective supervision, and the crime ther has been much more satisfactorily dealt with than before. As I reported previously Bowringpet is a large, and somewhat troubl some place, full of brothels and drink shops and largely resor ed to by disorderly persons from the Gold Fields both Europear and Native. It is also one of the chief centres of the trade stolen gold and it is absolutely necessary that a strong and properly constituted set of town Police with no duties outside the Town should be kept there. The force of Town Police estab shed last year has throughly justified its existence in the above respects . It consists of one Chief Constable, 2 Head Co stables and 20 constables of the Gold Fields establishment, in place of the old Taluk establishment of 1 Jamedar, 2 Duffedars and 21 constables on the lower scale of pay allowed to Taluk Police.

This reorganisation was carried out without extra cost to Government, and as I have said above has worked very well as f as the Town is concerned.

The outlying villages on the other hand have not been so well worked as before the reason for this is obvious. The pre sent establishment is not larger numerically than the old esta blishment, and the extra number of men which were required for the proper patrolling of the Town had to be taken from the num ber of men employed on village patrol naturally leaving the latter work insufficiently done.

It has been found that the whole establishment of 1 Chief Constable, 2 Head Constables and 20 men is only just sufficien

for

for the proper working of the Town alone, when casualties etc. are allowed for.

This leaves no men available for outside beat work except the 3 Taluk men employed at the Aniganhalli outpost. This deficiency has been made up by the employment of 5 men of the Special Reserve who have been datailed for beat work in villages.

It would be much better if a small extra force of men on the Taluk Establishment were sanctioned, with head quarters at Bowringpet to perform all Taluk work outside the Town, instead of utilising Special Reserve men for duties of this sort for which they were never intended.

I have gone into the matter carefully in detail and am of opinion that the minimum extra strength for the proper working of the whole of the Kasbah Station range would be

1 Daffedar,
4 Beat men,
1 Amildar's orderly,
1 Taluk writer,
1 Inspector's orderly,
1 Allowance for casualti

1 Daffedar and 8 Constables.

It must be remembered that many of the villages in the neighbourhood are increasing daily in population and importance owing to the proximity of the mines. A large number of the employees of the mines including members of Tamil pariahs from Madras Districts now live in various villges in the Bowringpet Station range. These persons are many of them of bad character and the villages require extra attention.

The cost of the above establishment would be roughly Rs 74-0-0 per mensem, taking the Daffedar's pay at Rs 14/- and the constables pay at Rs 7-8-0 each (average of 1st. class and 2nd. class constable's pay taken together).

The pay of the 5 Special Reserve men now employed on duties which properly belong to a Taluk Police establishment (Rs 9-8-0 each average of a 1st. class and 2nd class Reserve constables pay amounts to Rs 47-8-0 per mensem.

The total extra cost of the scheme propose would therefore only be Rs 26-8-0 per mensem, if the Reserve men were with-

On the whole I consider that the change has worked well and I should be very glad to see its adoption in the other two Taluks of which I have police charge.

With regard to the other point, whether the re-organisation of the Town Police at Bowringpet has been successful, I am have to report that it has been entirely sucessful, as far as th Town of Bowringpet is concerned but not so sucessful as regards the villages attached to the Kasbah Station and lying at a -- distance from it.

Since the re-organisation the Town of Bowringpet has bee kept under much more effective supervision, and the crime there has been much more satisfactorily dealt with than before. As I reported previously Bowringpet is a large, and somewhat troublesome place, full of brothels and drink shops and largely resorted to by disorderly persons from the Gold Fields both European and Native. It is also one of the chief centres of the trade in stolen gold and it is absolutely necessary that a strong and properly constituted set of town Police with no duties outside the Town should be kept there. The force of Town Police established last year has throughly justified its existence in the -- above respects . It consists of one Chief Constable, 2 Head Constables and 20 constables of the Gold Fields establishment, in place of the old Taluk establishment of 1 Jamedar, 2 Duffedars and 21 constables on the lower scale of pay allowed to Taluk Police.

This reorganisation was carried out without extra cost to Government, and as I have said above has worked very well as far as the Town is concerned.

The outlying villages on the other hand have not been so well worked as before the reason for this is obvious. The present establishment is not larger numerically than the old establishment, and the extra number of men which were required for the proper patrolling of the Town had to be taken from the number of men employed on village patrol naturally leaving the latter work insufficiently done.

It has been found that the whole establishment of 1 Chief Constable. 2 Head Constables and 20 men is only just sufficient

I do not think that there can be any alternative to this cheme . If the Bowringpet Town Police (on the Gold Fields establishment) is broken up the Town will revert to its original condition of disorder, and crime will again be insufficien ly worked. If no increase on the Taluk Establishment is - sanctioned the villages will continue to be insufficiently --- patrolled .IThecextracostoinvolvedlwillsbehverymslight and the object is important .

I attach statements showing the crime dealt with by the Bowringpet Kasbah Police for the year 1902-03 and 1903-04.

I have etc,

Signed. Percy B. Thomas.
District Superintendent of Police.
Kolar Gold Fields.

cR

True copy
J C Cam
I.S.P.

MEMORANDUM.

AMILDARS.

The time has, I think, arrived for disassociating Amildars from all direct interference with the Police in their executiv detective, and investigating duties. By this I mean that - with regard to the actual detection, and investigation of crim and the supervision of the routine duties of the Police of their Taluks, Amildars should be divested of all powers and sh should leave everything to the Taluk Police Inspectors and -- Jamadars. They should however as Magistrates continue to - afford advice and aid to the Police of their Taluks, and exer- cise their influence in all matters of emergency.

(2) The present is a survival of the old Candachar police system, which recognised the Amildar as the Head of the Taluk Police, or peon establishment.

(3) That arrangement no doubt was especially suited to the requirements of 30 years ago; but now that the ordinary routin and revenue work of Amildars has more than quadrupled itself, it is not fair to expect Amildars to continue their Police -- duties.

(4) During the six years I have been Deputy Commissioner in the Mysore Province, I can recall very few instances in which the Amildar's investigation, as a Police Officer has in any wa assisted the Police enquiry. As a rule the superficial, per- functory and ill-regulated interference of Amildars in this work retards rather than assists Police investigation. In th Police Administration Report of 1902-03 (Page 17) it may be noticed that Amildars have only investigated 1·2 % of crime in the Province. In the Kolar District , including the Kolar Gold Fields, only 3 cases out of 1500 were investigated partia lly by Amildars, and yet detection in the Kolar Gold Fields,

and Kolar District, compares very favorably with the rest of Mysore.

The outcome of interference of the Amildar in Police work is, in 99 cases out of hundred, to discourage rather than encourage original and individual action on the part of Police Inspectors and Jamadars whom the law looks to for such work; you in fact take away from the Inspector that feeling of direc responsibility without which no officer can do really useful work You further give both the Amildar and Inspector a chance of shirking responsibility and throwing the blame for want of detection on one or the other.

(5) Apart from this, is the grave inconvenience that a Taluk Magistrate having conducted or supervised a Police enquiry is debarred from trying the case, with the consequence that it has to be taken up by a neighbouring Taluk or a Divisional Magistrate, which entails delay in the Magisterial inquiry and great hardship to the complainants and witnesses in being dragged from to place.

(6) It has been contended that by making a Taluk Magistrate responsible for the Police work of his Taluk, the hands of the Police are greatly strengthened, and detection of crime is more assured. This has certainly not been my experience. On the other hand there is the danger of the Magistrate and the Police Inspector working together to a bad end, either burking a true case or working up a false one together. A taluk Magistrate wholly unconnected with, and in no way responsible for the Police work of his Taluk is far more likely to exercise an independent and scrutinising watch on the conduct of the Police in their investigation and detection of cases, than a Taluk Magistrate who is himself held to be the head of the Taluk Police.

(7) It has been objected that with a Magistrate antagonistic or badly disposed to the Police, and independent of them, cases are often thrown out, and Police returns under the head "detection" rendered poorer. This is always advanced as an

of the strongest arguments in favor of allowing the old system to continue, which allows the Magistrate and Inspector to work together for a common end, viz. good detection. Another argument is that the Inspector need the guiding hand, backed by the Magisterial authority, of the Amildar to aid him in investigation. This may have been the case when the Police Department was in its infancy, and when there was a difficulty in - obtaining experienced and well educated Inspectors: but this is not the case now, as the Police have been in existence for 30 years, and many of the Inspectors are quite as well educated and experienced as the Magitrates themselves.

(8) The cry all over India has been the separation of the judicial and executive branches i.e. of the trying agency in - courts, from the investigative agency out of court, and if - this applies to District Magistrates who in most Districts of India have little more than a nominal control over Police --- investigation and detection how much more does it apply to the direct Police work of Amildars in Mysore.

(9) Coming to the actual departmental inconveniences of the present system, I find that the Inspector General of Police is in the anamolous position of having to ask a Deputy Commissioner to kindly take notice of his (the Deputy Commissioner's) --- subordinate's laziness or inefficiency should the Amildar's - Police investigation be neglected, or done perfunctorily; or if as is usual in all Districts, the Amildar has neglected to inspect Police Stations for months and years together. This is of course most inconvenient and if Amildars are to continue as Police Officers, the Inspector General of Police should have the power of punishing them directly.

(10) In my opinion the acknowledged disadvantages of the -- present system, far outweigh the uncertain advantages, and I - am assured by my experience in Madras and elsewhere that the sweeping away of this system, will result in greater efficiency

th the Magisterial and ... Departments, and in more
handed justice being m ... it in the subordinate courts
Province.

D C Cameron

or General of Police.

Police 12

1904. File No. 69

S. No. 2

From

Secy. to the Govt. of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore,
Genl. and Rev. Depts.

To

The Inspector General of Police in Mysore

Dated 15/11/09

Despatched 15/11/09 November 1909.

Received

General No. J 1236

No. Police 69

Enclosure No.

Paper under disposal

His letter No. 1705 dated 19 3.

the 26th/28th September 1908 submitting a report from the Superintendent of Police, Kolar (A) Range, on the working of the Jalnk Police at Baramagpet.

Adverting to the above, I have the honour to request that the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District in the matter may be obtained and forwarded to

at an early date for the information
of the Government.

By Order,

for Secretary

JN
12-11-04

NRL
12-11-04

Cyd: V. R. R. 12-11-04

Send: NRL 12-11-04

III mem 1904-05. J 1436.
11/1/05 Police 12-1-05 Judcl 69 Sec 3

From,

The Inspector General of Police

in Mysore.

To,

The Secretary to the Govt: of

H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore

Genl: & Rev: Departments.

Dated.

Despatched. 10th January 1905

Received.

General No: 381/

No: 408

Enclosure No:/

Forwarding the opinion of the Deputy Comr Kolar, on the Report on the working of the Bowringpet Dy Police.

'4 J 1136

No: 3811/408 E1

Office of the
Inspector General of Police in Mysore.
Dated, Bangalore, 9th January 1904.
10

From,

F. E. C. Carr Esquire,
Inspector General of Police
in Mysore.

To,

B. K. Venkatavardaiengar Esquire,
Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

Adverting to your docket No: J 1236/Police 69 dated 15th November 1904, I have the honor to forward herewith copy of letter No: 3449/2775 dated 31st December 04 from the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar, expressing his opinion on the working of the Bowringpet Taluk Police.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

F C Carr

Inspector General of Police.

From

The Deputy Commissioner,

Kolar District.

To

the Inspector General of Police

in Mysore.

Dated

Despatched 31st December 1904.

Received

General No. 3449

No. 2775

Enclosure No.

Report on the working of the Bowringpet Taluk Police.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

Kolar District.,

Dated, December 1904.

From,

K. P. Puttanna Chetty Esquire,

Deputy Commissioner,

Kolar District.

To,

F. C. Carr Esquire,

Inspector General of Police

in Mysore

Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No: 2867/171 dated 22/24- 11- 04 forwarding in original letter dated 8-7-04 and its enclosures from the District Superintendent of Police, Kolar Gold Fields, reporting on the working of the Bowringpet Taluk Police during 1903-04 independently of the Amildar's supervision and requesting my opinion thereon, I have the honor to state as follows:-

2. In paras 2,3 and 4 of the Superintendent's letter he gives expression to his opinion on the desirability of divesting the Amildars of their present Police functions. This question is under discussion in the Police Committee appointed by Government and as I am a member of that committee I would prefer not to express any opinion at this stage of the enquiry on the arguments put forth by the District Superintendent of Police.

3. In para 5 of the letter, the Superintendent states that owing to the constant change of Inspectors in the Bowringpet Taluk since the Amildar was relieved of the Police charge

in July 1903, the experiment has not had a fair trial. I should therefore think that a further trial of the scheme is necessary before a definite opinion can be formed as to the success or otherwise of the working and I would suggest the continuance of the present arrangements for another year or two and also await the result of the deliberations of the Police Committee now sitting and the introduction of the new Police Regulation.

4. In para 6, the Superintendent recommends the extension of the system to the other Taluks in his charge. On this point also I would not venture an opinion at present for the reasons already set forth. The question may well be deferred, until a definite opinion could be pronounced on the working of the scheme in the area already under experiment and until the report of the Police Committee is considered by Government.

5. The remaining portion of the letter deals with the working of the Bowringpet Town Police under the new scheme and proposals for increase of staff. I fully concur with the District Superintendent of Police in thinking that Bowringpet and the neighbouring villages should be placed under more effective supervision in view of their importance owing to the neighbourhood of the Gold Fields. The bad characters hovering about the Fields take refuge therein to escape the strict Police surveillance on the Gold Fields. An efficient Town Police numerically strong enough to cope with the work is necessary for the Town of Bowringpet and its neighbourhood and if Government can see their way to sanction the increased strength proposed by the District Superintendent of Police, it would afford an additional protection to the mining interests. The comparative statements of crime dealt with by the Police of Bowringpet Town during 1902-03 and 1903-04, forwarded by the District Superintendent of Police, show that the newly constituted Town Police has worked fairly well.. It can be safely said that better descipline and strictness in patrol duty have been introduced which may create an impression on the criminal classes and minimise crime.

therefore feel no hesitation in recommending its retention s a permanency and its augmentation as proposed by the District Superintendent of Police.

6. The enclosures to your letter under reply are herewith returned.

I have &c.,

(Signed.) K.P. Puttanna Chetty.

Deputy Commissioner,

Kolar District.

" C O P Y "

Inspector General of Police.

III
Genl 2911 (Police) 1904-05. J 1069
File No. 69

From

The Inspector General of Poli
in Mysore.

To

The Secretary to the Governmer
of H.H. the Maharaja of
Mysore.

General and Revenue Departments.

Dated

Despatched 24 November 1904.

Received

General No. 2842
No. 313

Enclosure No.

Stating that the report on the working of the Bowringpet Taluk Pol. has been returned to Dy: Comr: Kolar

---

for such opinion as he may wish to offer.

19 J 1069

Office of the
Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

NO: 2842/313

Dated, Bangalore, 22nd. November 1904.
24

From

F. E. C. Carr Esquire,
Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

To

B. K. Venkatavaradaiengar Esquire,
Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja ofMysore,
General and Revenue Departments.

Sir,

Reference;—

Your docket No. J 1236/Police 59 dated 15th. November 1904, requesting to be furnished with the --- opinion of the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar, on the working of the Taluk Police at Bowringpet;

I have the honor to state that the Report was forwarded through the Deputy Commissioner who, I presume, agreed with it as he made no remarks.

It has however been returned to him for favor of such opinion as he may wish to offer.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Inspector General of Police.
CR

G.R.S. 28]

Police
File No. 69
Serial No. 4

Diary No. of letter replied to ——

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.
(Police)

, the 13/3/ Flag Z 1903

Date of issue 13/3/03

Signed by Mbs. M. Srinivasa Rao

READ.—

Govt Proceedings No. 2099-2101 J.7168.f03 dated the 30th June 1903, directing that the Amildar of the Bowringpet Taluk be, as an experimental measure, directed of the police charge of the entire Taluk, & the same transferred to which

ORDER THEREON. No.

might be placed under the Police Inspector under the direct control of the Supdt of Police, Kolar Gold Fields, and that a report on the working of this arrangement be submitted at the end of one year from its in-

over

Lcm
14/3/03

SUBJECT

induction.

2. Letter No. 1705/193 dated the 26th September 1904, from the Inspector General of Police in Mysore Submitting a copy of the report on the working of the System ~~sanctioned by the Govt Proceedings read above~~, by Mr. F. B. Thomas, Supdt of Police, Kolar Gold Fields and requesting that the arrangement may be extended to the other Talukas of the Gold Fields Range if not to the whole of the State.

3. Letter No. 3811/408 dated the 1st January 1904, from the same officer, forwarding a copy of letter No. 3469-2775 dated the 31st December 1904 from the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, expressing his opinion on the working of the System in question.

Order thereon No. J 3608-9/Police-09

After a careful

G.R.S. 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(*Continuation Sheet draft form.*)

consideration of the Subject the Govt are pleased to sanction the further continuance of the scheme ordered in their Proceedings No. 2099-2101 - J.T. 148 of 03 dated the 30th June 1903 for a period of ~~one~~ a year more.

2. The question of making permanent the arrangement whereby the Amildar of Bowringpet is divested of Police duties and the larger one of divesting Amildars all over the State of these functions, will be deferred till the views of the Committee appointed for the revision of the Draft Police Regulation received.

8.9.'05 10.3.'05

Secretary

To

The Y. of Police in Mysore

& Dy Comr. Kolar Dt.

SV 7/3/05

Copied 10/3/05

Examined SV 10/3/05

1902-03

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

JUDICIAL

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 30th June 1903

No. 2099-2101
J. F. 148 of 1902-03

Sanctioning tentatively for a period of one year, with effect from 1st July 1903, the proposal of the Inspector General of Police to re-organize the Bowringpet Town Police.

READ—

Letter No. 6605—398, dated 19th May 1903, from the Inspector General of Police in Mysore, submitting proposals for the re-organization of the Police Force for the Bowringpet Town.

No. 2099-2101—J. F. 148 OF 03, DATED BANGALORE, 30TH JUNE 1903.

ORDER THEREON.—The town of Bowringpet being in close proximity to the Gold Fields and many bad characters having of late taken refuge there in order to avoid the close supervision of the Police to which they will be subjected in the Fields, the Inspector General of Police, in consultation with the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, and the Superintendent of Police, Kolar Gold Fields, considers that the Police Force in the Bowringpet Town should be placed on a more efficient footing than at present, and with this object he submits the following proposals for re-organizing the said force, namely—

(1) to abolish the posts of Jamadar, two Dafadars and one 2nd class constable in the existing strength of the Town Police;

(2) to transfer, in lieu of those abolished, one Chief Constable of the 3rd class and two Head Constables (one of the 2nd class and another of the 3rd class) from the Kolar Gold Fields Force, which, it is stated, can admit of the reduction to the extent proposed;

(3) to distribute the savings of Rs. 87 as specified in the margin that will be effected by this arrangement and also by the abolition of two 2nd class constables from the Gold Fields Force among the twenty constables of the Bowringpet Town Police in the form of allowances at Rs. 4 each as in the Gold Fields and to utilize the remainder *viz.*, Rs. 7 as contingencies; and

	Rs.
Pay of Jamadar Rs. 20+8	28
Do two Dafadars one on Rs. 16 and the other on Rs. 12 ...	28
Do one 2nd class constable	7
Do two 2nd class constables of Kolar Gold Fields, pay Rs. 8+4 each	24
Total ...	87

(4) to place the Force under the charge of the Inspector, who will be directly responsible to the Superintendent of Police, Kolar Gold Fields, the Amildar of the Bowringpet Taluk being relieved of the Town Police charge.

2. These proposals, while not involving any extra cost will, it is considered, facilitate a free intercharge of men from the Gold Fields to Bowringpet and *vice versa*.

3. The Government are pleased to accord their sanction to the foregoing proposals which may be introduced as a tentative measure for one year with effect from the 1st July 1903. The strength of the Force as now sanctioned is shown below:—

Existing strength of Bowringpet Town Police.	Its strength as now sanctioned.
1 2nd class Jamadar on Rs. 20+8.	1 Chief Constable, 3rd class, on Rs. 50+20.
1 1st class Dafadar on Rs. 16.	1 Head Constable, 2nd class, on Rs. 20+10.
1 3rd class Dafadar on Rs. 12.	1 Head Constable, 3rd class, on Rs. 16+10.
5 1st class constables at Rs. 8 each.	5 constables, 1st class, on Rs. 8+4 each.
16 2nd class constables at Rs. 7 each.	15 constables, 2nd class, on Rs. 7+4 each.

4. The Government also approve of the suggestion of the Inspector General that the Amildar of the Bowringpet Taluk may, as an experimental measure, be divested of the Police charge of the entire taluk, which will be placed under the Inspector, under the direct control of the Superintendent of Police, Kolar Gold Fields, subject to the supervision of the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar. A report on the working of this arrangement should be submitted at the end of one year from its introduction.